# Chapter 3 Study Guide: The French Revolution

## I. Vocabulary

- A. Section 3.1
  - 1. Ancien regime
  - 2. Estate
  - 3. Bourgeosie
  - 4. Deficit Spendng
  - 5. Cahier

#### B. Section 3.2

- 1. faction
- 2. émigré
- 3. sans-cullotte
- 4. republic

#### C. Section 3.3

- 1. suffrage
- 2. nationalism
- 3. guiilotine

#### D. Section 3.4

- 1. plebiscite
- 2. annex
- 3. Continental System
- 4. Guerilla Warfare
- 5. Scorched-Earth Policy
- 6. Abdicate
- 7. Legitimacy

## II. Key People, Places, and Groups

- A. Section 3.1
  - 1. First Estate
  - 2. Second Estate
  - 3. Third Estate
  - 4. Estates General
  - 5. Louis XVI
  - 6. Jacques Necker
  - 7. Bastille
- B. Section 3.2
  - 1. Olympe de Gouges
  - 2. Marquis de Lafayette
  - 3. Jacobins
  - 4. Marie Antionette
- C. Section 3.3
  - 1. Napoleon
  - 2. Committee of Public Safety
  - 3. Robespierre
  - 4. Reign of Terror
  - 5. Marseilles
- D. Section 3.4
  - 1. Napoleonic Code
  - 2. Congress of Vienna
  - 3. Concert of Europe
  - 4. Duke of Wellington

# III. Key Ideas

A.	Make sure you understand these! Main part of the test!!!!
	1. Eve of the French Revolution a. What is the Estates General?
	i. First Estate
	ii. Second Estate
	iii. Third Estate
	b. What problems did pre-revolution France have? How did they try to fix them?
	c. What is the Tennis Court Oath and what is it's importance?
	d. Why was the Storming of the Bastille important and symbolic?
	<ul><li>2. Creating a New France <ul><li>a. Why the Great Fear happen? Why were there revolts in France?</li></ul></li><li>b. What was the importance of the Declaration of the Rights of Man? What did it mean for the Monarchy?</li></ul>
	C. Why did women march on Versaille? What was the outcome of the protest? What did Marie Antionette supposedly say?
	c. How did the new government of France reorganize the Church?

d. How did the constitution of 1791 change the government?

	e.	Who were the sans-culottes and what did they believe? Who were the Jacobins? What did they believe?
3.	<b>D</b> o	<b>Dwnfall of the Monarchy</b> The National Assembly became more radical and became the? What did they do to the King and Queen?
	b.	Who was the Committee of Public Safety? Who were they led by and what was their reign called?
	C.	What government followed the Committee of Public Safety? How many people served as the leadership?
	d.	How did daily life change in France during the revolution?
4.	Th	ae Age of Napoleon Begins a. Describe the ascent of Napoleon. (Background, Successes, Titles)
		b. Describe fully the reforms of Napoleon?
		c. How was he able to conquer Europe? What were his main enemies?
		d. What were the areas that resisted Napoleon's rule?

e.	What led to Napoleon's downfall? Where was he exiled to? (both times) and
	what was his last battle?

f. How did Europe settle the borders after Napoleon had been defeated? Who were the important figures of the Congress of Vienna?